

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT

Title: GOLF CLUB HEAD HAVING A BI-POLYMER FACE
INSERT AND METHOD OF MAKING SAME

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GOLF CLUB HEAD HAVING A BI-POLYMER FACE INSERT AND METHOD OF MAKING SAME

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to golf equipment and, in particular, to golf club heads.

U.S. Patent No. 5,674,132 to Fisher discloses a golf putter head that includes a metal body with a front face and a non-metallic face insert disposed in the front face of the body. The face insert is a multi-layered, laminated structure bonded to the bottom surface of a tapered slot
10 formed in the face of the club head. The use of a laminated face insert permits a composite of the material properties of the laminates to be realized in a single face insert. A drawback of the putter disclosed in the Fisher patent, however, is that since the edges of the insert laminations are exposed, they are easily damaged. Accordingly, soft laminates cannot easily be used in such an application.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention comprises a golf club head including a club head body, the front face of which has a cavity for receiving a face insert. The face insert, which is disposed in the cavity, has a front surface for impacting a golf ball and a back surface having a cavity formed
20 therein for receiving a second insert. A second insert, composed of a material different from the first insert, is disposed in the cavity formed in the back of the first insert. Because the edges of the second insert are not exposed, the second insert can be made of very soft materials including silicone rubbers and gels, which would not be suitable for use in an application in which the edges are exposed.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The present invention will be better understood from a reading of the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawing figures in which like references designate like elements, and in which:

5 FIG. 1 is an exploded front perspective view of a golf club head incorporating features of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is an exploded rear perspective view of the golf club head shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a front elevational view of the golf club head shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is an enlarged front view of the face insert shown in FIG. 1;

10 FIG. 5 is an enlarged back view of the face insert shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 6 is an enlarged end view of the face insert shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 7 is a sectional view taken along lines 7-7 of FIG. 3; and

FIG. 8 is an enlarged view of a portion of the golf club head shown in FIG. 7.

15 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

With reference to FIGS. 1 and 2, a golf club head 10, preferably a golf putter head, comprises a body 12 and a hosel 14 with a boss 16 counterbored for receiving one end of a golf club shaft (not shown). The body 12 has a front face 18, a heel end 20 and a toe end 22. The front face 18 has a first cavity 24 formed therein defined by a bottom wall 26 and a side wall 28. The body 12, including the first cavity 24, is typically formed by an investment casting process. The bottom wall 26 and side wall 28 are then shaped by a milling process to maintain precise tolerances. A first insert, hereinafter referred to as a face insert 30 is disposed in the first cavity 24. The body 12 is preferably made of a suitable metal such as

steel, and the face insert 30 is preferably made of a polymer, more preferably an elastomeric polymer such as polyurethane. With additional reference to FIGs. 3, 4, and 5, face insert 30 has a generally trapezoidal shape with a front surface 32, a back surface 34 and a lateral surface 36. Back surface 34 has a second cavity 38 formed therein defined by a bottom surface 40 and a side surface 42. A second insert, hereinafter referred to as a back cavity insert 44 is disposed in the second cavity 38. Back cavity insert 44 is preferably made of a polymer having a hardness (durometer) and/or resiliency that is different from that of the face insert 30. In the illustrative embodiment, the face insert 30 is made of a polyurethane manufactured by BASF under the trademark ELASTOLLAN WY05352D-1, which is an elastomeric polyurethane having a density of 1.14 g/cm³ and a Shore A hardness of 98. The back cavity insert is a silicone dielectric gel, or other highly resilient elastomer. The face insert 30 is formed by an injection molding process with a maximum width "W" of approximately 2.300 inches and a maximum height "H" of approximately 0.725 inch. The face insert 30 also has a thickness "T" of approximately 0.200 inch measured between the front surface 32 and the back surface 34 as shown in FIG. 6. The first cavity 24 has a depth of approximately 0.215 inch as measured between the front face 18 and the cavity bottom wall 26. The second cavity has a depth of approximately 0.100 inch measured between the back surface 34 and the bottom surface 40 of second cavity 38.

Face insert 30 further includes a continuous lip 46 extending outward from lateral edge 36 approximately 0.025 inch. Lip 46 separates lateral surface 36 into a forward portion 36A and a rearward portion 36B as seen most clearly in FIG. 8. The continuous lip 46 has an outer surface 48 that engages side wall 28 of first cavity 24 to center face insert 30 within first cavity 24.

Back cavity insert 44 may be cured in place within second cavity 38 or may be separately molded and attached by conventional means (e.g., adhesive) within second cavity 38. If back cavity insert 44 is cured in place, side surface 42 may be undercut or tapered inward so as to create a mechanical lock between back cavity insert 44 and face insert 30.

5 Face insert 30 is thereafter attached to body 10 by adhesive means such as double sided tape 50, preferably a Double Coated Acrylic Foam or adhesive transfer film manufactured by 3M company, that is disposed between back cavity insert 44 and bottom wall 26 of first cavity 24. In the illustrative embodiment, double sided adhesive tape 50 is applied to exposed surface 52 of back cavity insert 44 before face insert 30 is installed in body 12. Double sided adhesive
10 tape 50 is approximately 0.015 inch thick and is cut to a size and shape that matches exposed surface 52 of back cavity insert 44. A press is then used to install face insert 30 within first cavity 24. Finally the gap 54 between the forward portion 36A of lateral surface 36 and side wall 28 is filled with paint 56. Paint 56 is preferably a color that contrasts with the body 12 and the face insert 30 to provide a visual outline of the face insert 30. In an alternative
15 embodiment, double sided adhesive tape 50 is cut to a size and shape that instead matches back surface 34 of face insert 30 allowing back cavity insert 44 to rest directly against bottom wall 26 of first cavity 24.

By providing a sealed second cavity within face insert 30 as disclosed in the present invention, it is possible to construct a face insert having the superior abrasion resistance and
20 durability of the polyurethane face insert while having the composite hardness and resiliency of the face insert and softer back cavity insert. This enables the use of soft elastomeric back cavity inserts that would otherwise be unsuitable for use in golf club applications.

Although certain illustrative embodiments and methods have been disclosed herein, it will be apparent from the foregoing disclosure to those skilled in the art that variations and modifications of such embodiments and methods may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, it is intended that the invention should be limited only
5 to extent required by the appended claims and the rules and principals of applicable law.